NutriNews

UPPMC LIFE CHANGING MEDICINE

Embracing Plant-Forward Eating

Let's dive into the wonderful world of plantforward eating—a delicious and nutritious way to fuel your body while benefiting the planet. So, what exactly does "plant-forward" mean? Essentially, it's a dietary approach that emphasizes plant-based foods while still allowing for occasional inclusion of animal products. It's a flexible approach that prioritizes fruits, vegetables, whole grains, nuts, seeds, and legumes, while minimizing the intake of animal-derived foods such as meat, dairy, and eggs.

Principles:

- Focus on Plants: Make fruits, vegetables, whole grains, legumes, nuts, and seeds the foundation of your meals.
- 2. Variety: Embrace a wide variety of plant foods to ensure you're getting a diverse array of nutrients.
- 3. Limit Animal Products: While plantforward eating doesn't necessarily eliminate animal products entirely, it encourages reducing their consumption and using them more as a complement rather than the main focus of meals.
- 4. **Choose Quality**: Opt for whole, minimally processed plant foods over highly processed options.
- 5. **Mindful Eating**: Practice mindful eating by paying attention to hunger and fullness cues, and savoring the flavors and textures of your food.

Benefits:

- 1. **Nutrient-Rich**: Plant-based foods are rich in essential nutrients such as vitamins, minerals, fiber, and antioxidants, which are vital for overall health and well-being.
- 2. **Heart Health**: A plant-forward diet has been linked to lower risk factors for heart disease, including reduced cholesterol levels, blood pressure, and inflammation.
- 3. Weight Management: Focusing on plant foods can support weight management goals due to their lower calorie density and higher fiber content, which promotes feelings of fullness and satiety.
- 4. **Gut Health**: The fiber found in plant foods supports a healthy gut microbiome, which is important for digestion, immune function, and overall health.
- 5. Environmental Sustainability: Producing plant-based foods generally requires fewer resources like water and land compared to raising animals for meat. Furthermore, this process produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions. By choosing plant-forward meals, we can reduce our ecological footprint.
- 6. **Disease Prevention**: Research suggests that a plant-based diet may help reduce the risk of chronic diseases such as type 2 diabetes, certain cancers, and Alzheimer's disease.





Tips for Implementing a Plant-Forward Diet:

- 1. **Start Small:** Experiment with incorporating more plant-based foods into your meals gradually. Swap out meat for beans in chili or try a veggie stir-fry instead of chicken.
- 2. Explore New Ingredients: Get adventurous in the kitchen by trying unfamiliar fruits, vegetables, grains, and plant-based proteins. You might discover some new favorites!
- Balance and Variety: Aim for a diverse mix of plant foods to ensure you're getting a wide range of nutrients. Think of the colors of the rainbow when planning your meals.
- 4. **Include Protein Sources:** Incorporate plantbased protein sources like tofu, tempeh, lentils, beans, quinoa, and nuts to help meet your protein needs.
- 5. **Get Creative:** Don't be afraid to experiment with different cooking techniques and flavor combinations to keep things interesting and delicious.



Recipe from: https://feelgoodfoodie.net/recipe/vegetarian-quinoastuffed-peppers/#wprm-recipe-container-5922

RECIPE

Quinoa-Stuffed Bell Peppers Ingredients:

6 medium bell peppers, tops cut off and cores removed

- 1 cup uncooked quinoa, rinsed and drained
- 2 cups low-sodium vegetable broth
- 1 tablespoon olive oil
- 1 small onion, chopped
- 2 garlic cloves, minced
- 1 15-ounce canned diced tomatoes
- 1 15-ounce can black beans
- 1 cup frozen corn, thawed
- 1 teaspoon cumin
- 1 teaspoon paprika
- Salt & pepper to taste
- 1 cup freshly shredded Monterey Jack cheese

Optional toppings: chopped fresh cilantro, diced avocado, sour cream

Instructions:

- Place the quinoa and vegetable broth in a medium saucepan. Bring the mixture to a boil over medium-high heat. Lower heat to a simmer, cover the saucepan with a lid and cook covered until all the liquid is absorbed, 15 minutes. Allow the quinoa to rest for about 5 minutes, without opening the lid, then fluff with a fork.
- Preheat oven to 375°F and prepare the peppers by cutting them in half lengthwise and removing the seeds and membrane. Place the peppers in a baking dish cut side up and pour water around the peppers — just enough to cover the bottom of the pan.
- 3. Heat olive oil in a large nonstick skillet over medium heat. Add onions and sauté until they start to soften, about 2-3 minutes. Add the garlic and cook until fragrant, 1 more minute. Stir in the cooked quinoa, diced tomatoes, black beans and corn. Season with cumin, paprika, salt and pepper. Reduce heat to low and cook for additional 5 minutes, stirring frequently.
- 4. Carefully spoon the mixture into the sliced peppers and sprinkle the cheese on top.
- Bake uncovered until the peppers are tender and the cheese is melted, about 30-35 minutes. Add optional toppings and serve hot.

Would you like to work with a Registered Dietitian? To schedule an appointment, please obtain a referral for Medical Nutrition Therapy and contact: 412-692-4497 (Oakland) OR 412-623-2421 (Shadyside)