

Trastuzumab-xxxx (Herceptin, Kanjinti, Ontruzant, Trazimera, Ogivri, Herzuma, Hercessi)

About This Medicine

TRASTUZUMAB (tras TOO zoo mab) treats breast cancer and stomach cancer. It works by blocking a protein that causes cancer cells to grow and multiply. This helps to slow or stop the spread of cancer cells. It is given in the vein (IV).

This medicine may be used for other purposes; ask your care team if you have questions.

Possible Side Effects

- Bone marrow suppression. This is a decrease in the number of white blood cells, red blood cells, and platelets. This may raise your risk of infection, make you tired and weak, and raise your risk of bleeding.
- Congestive heart failure your heart is not pumping blood as well as it should be, and fluid can build up in your body.
- Soreness of the mouth and throat. You may have red areas, white patches, or sores that hurt.
- Diarrhea (loose bowel movements)
- Fever
- Chills
- Tiredness
- Infection
- Inflammation of nasal passages and throat
- Changes in the way food and drinks taste
- · Weight loss
- Headache
- Trouble sleeping
- Cough
- Upper respiratory tract infection
- Rash

Note: Each of the side effects above was reported in 10% or greater of people treated with trastuzumab-xxxx. All possible side effects are not included. Your side effects may be different



depending on your cancer diagnosis, condition, or if you are receiving other medicines in combination. Please discuss any concerns or questions with your care team.

Warnings and Precautions

- Changes in the tissue of the heart and your heart's ability to pump blood properly, which can be lifethreatening.
- Serious and life-threatening lung problems such as inflammation (swelling) and/or scarring of the lungs. You may have a cough and/or trouble breathing.
- While you are getting this medicine in your vein (IV), you may have a reaction to the medicine, which may be life-threatening. Sometimes you may be given medicine to stop or lessen these side effects. Your care team will check you closely for these signs: fever or shaking chills, flushing, facial swelling, feeling dizzy, headache, trouble breathing, rash, itching, chest tightness, or chest pain. These reactions may happen after your infusion. If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.
- Severe decrease in the number of white blood cells, especially when receiving this medicine in combination with other chemotherapy. This may raise your risk of infection and of neutropenic fever, a type of fever that can develop when you have a very low number of white blood cells which can be life-threatening.

Note: Some of the side effects above are very rare. If you have concerns and/or questions, please discuss them with your care team.

Important Information

• This medicine may be present in the urine, stool and other body fluids such as blood, vomit, semen, and vaginal fluids. Take precautions to prevent others from coming in contact with your medicine or your body fluids. Follow safety precautions during your treatment and for as long as directed by your care team after your treatment. If you take a pill each day, follow these precautions every day.

Treating Side Effects

- Manage tiredness by pacing your activities for the day.
- Be sure to include periods of rest between energy-draining activities.
- To decrease the risk of infection, wash your hands regularly.
- Avoid close contact with people who have a cold, the flu, or other infections.
- Take your temperature as your care team tells you, and whenever you feel like you may have a
 fever.
- To help decrease the risk of bleeding, use a soft toothbrush. Check with your care team before using dental floss.
- Be very careful when using knives or tools.
- Use an electric shaver instead of a razor.
- Drink enough fluids to keep your urine pale yellow.
- Mouth care is very important. Your mouth care should consist of routine, gentle cleaning of your teeth or dentures and rinsing your mouth with a mixture of 1/2 teaspoon of salt in 8 ounces of water



or 1/2 teaspoon of baking soda in 8 ounces of water. This should be done at least after each meal and at bedtime.

- Taking good care of your mouth may help food taste better and improve your appetite.
- If you have mouth sores, avoid mouthwash that has alcohol. Also avoid alcohol and smoking because they can bother your mouth and throat.
- If you have diarrhea, you should drink more fluids so that you do not become dehydrated (lack
 of water in the body from losing too much fluid). Eat low-fiber foods that are high in protein and
 calories and avoid foods that can irritate your digestive tracts or lead to cramping.
- Ask your care team about medicine that can lessen or stop your diarrhea.
- To help with weight loss, drink fluids that contribute calories (whole milk, juice, soft drinks, sweetened beverages, milkshakes, and nutritional supplements) instead of water.
- Include a source of protein at every meal and snack, such as meat, poultry, fish, dry beans, tofu, eggs, nuts, milk, yogurt, cheese, ice cream, pudding, and nutritional supplements.
- If you get a rash do not put anything on it unless your care team says you may. Keep the area around the rash clean and dry. Ask your care team for medicine if your rash bothers you.
- Keeping your pain under control is important to your well-being. Please tell your care team if you
 are experiencing pain.
- Infusion reactions may occur after your infusion. If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.

Food and Medicine Interactions

- There are no known interactions of trastuzumab-xxxx with food.
- This medicine may interact with other medicines. Tell your care team about all the prescription and
 over-the-counter medicines and dietary supplements (vitamins, minerals, herbs, and others) that
 you are taking at this time. Also, check with your care team before starting any new prescription or
 over-the-counter medicines, or dietary supplements to make sure that there are no interactions.

When to Call Your Care Team

Call your care team if you have any of these symptoms and/or any new or unusual symptoms:

- Fever of 100.4° F (38° C) or higher
- Chills
- Tiredness that interferes with your daily activities
- Trouble falling or staying asleep
- Feeling dizzy or lightheaded
- A headache that does not go away
- Easy bleeding or bruising
- Wheezing and/or trouble breathing
- Cough that is bothersome, dry cough, and/or coughing up yellow, green, or bloody mucus
- Feeling that your heart is beating in a fast or not normal way (palpitations)
- Chest pain or symptoms of a heart attack. Most heart attacks involve pain in the center of the chest that lasts more than a few minutes. The pain may go away and come back, or it can be constant. It



can feel like pressure, squeezing, fullness, or pain. Sometimes pain is felt in one or both arms, the back, neck, jaw, or stomach. If any of these symptoms last 2 minutes, call 911.

- Pain in your mouth or throat that makes it hard to eat or drink
- Diarrhea, 4 times in one day or diarrhea with lack of strength or a feeling of being dizzy
- Changes in the way food and drink taste that is causing a loss of appetite
- Loss of appetite or rapid weight loss of five pounds in a week
- Swelling of the legs, feet, or ankles
- Weight gain of 5 pounds in one week (fluid retention)
- A new rash and/or itching or a rash that is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Signs of infection: fever or chills, cough, trouble breathing, severe pain in your abdomen, trouble urinating, burning or pain when you pass urine, redness and/or swelling of the skin
- Signs of infusion reaction: fever or shaking chills, flushing, facial swelling, feeling dizzy, headache, trouble breathing, rash, itching, chest tightness, or chest pain. If this happens call 911 for emergency care.

Reproduction Warnings

- **Pregnancy warning**: This medicine can cause serious birth defects. If you can become pregnant, use birth control while taking this medicine and for 7 months after the last dose. Tell your care team right away if you think you might be pregnant.
- **Breastfeeding warning**: Do not breastfeed while taking this medicine and for 7 months after the last dose.

Revised July 2025

