

Tebentafusp-tebn (Kimmtrak)

About This Drug

Tebentafusp-tebn is used to treat cancer. It is given in the vein (IV).

Possible Side Effects

- A decrease in the number of white blood cells and red blood cells. This may raise your risk of infection and make you tired and weak.
- Nausea and vomiting (throwing up)
- Pain in your abdomen
- · Fever and chills
- Headache
- Tiredness
- · Swelling of the hands, feet, or any other part of the body
- · Changes in your liver function
- · Changes in your kidney function
- Cytokine release syndrome (CRS): Some types of cancer drugs can cause CRS because of the
 effects of the drug in your body. If this happens you may feel very sick and get a fever, headache,
 nausea, or feel weak. You may also have changes to your blood pressure. Because of this, your
 blood pressure and pulse may be checked while you are getting this drug.
- · Blood sugar levels may change
- Electrolyte changes
- Rash
- · Dry skin and itching
- · Low blood pressure

Note: Each of the side effects above was reported in 30% or greater of patients treated with tebentafusp-tebn. All possible side effects are not included. Your side effects may be different depending on your cancer diagnosis, condition, or if you are receiving other drugs in combination. Please discuss any concerns or questions with your medical team.

Warnings and Precautions

• Severe and life-threatening cytokine release syndrome. You will be monitored for at least 16 hours after your first three treatments and for at least 30 minutes after future treatments.



- · Severe rash, itching and skin swelling
- Severe changes in your liver function

Note: Some of the side effects above are very rare. If you have concerns and/or questions, please discuss them with your medical team.

Important Information

 This drug may be present in the saliva, tears, sweat, urine, stool, vomit, semen, and vaginal secretions. Talk to your doctor and/or your nurse about the necessary precautions to take during this time.

Treating Side Effects

- Manage tiredness by pacing your activities for the day.
- Be sure to include periods of rest between energy-draining activities.
- To decrease the risk of infection, wash your hands regularly.
- Avoid close contact with people who have a cold, the flu, or other infections.
- Take your temperature as your doctor or nurse tells you, and whenever you feel like you may have a fever.
- Drink plenty of fluids (a minimum of eight glasses per day is recommended).
- If you throw up, you should drink more fluids so that you do not become dehydrated (lack of water in the body from losing too much fluid).
- To help with nausea and vomiting, eat small, frequent meals instead of three large meals a day. Choose foods and drinks that are at room temperature. Ask your nurse or doctor about other helpful tips and medicine that is available to help stop or lessen these symptoms.
- Keeping your pain under control is important to your well-being. Please tell your doctor or nurse if you are experiencing pain.
- Cytokine release syndrome may happen after your infusion. If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.
- If you have diabetes, keep good control of your blood sugar level. Tell your nurse or your doctor if your glucose levels are higher or lower than normal.
- To help with dry skin and itching, moisturize your skin several times a day.
- Avoid sun exposure and apply sunscreen routinely when outdoors.
- If you get a rash do not put anything on it unless your doctor or nurse says you may. Keep the area around the rash clean and dry. Ask your doctor for medicine if your rash bothers you.

Food and Drug Interactions

- There are no known interactions of tebentafusp-tebn with food.
- This drug may interact with other medicines. Tell your doctor and pharmacist about all the prescription, over-the-counter medicines, and dietary supplements (vitamins, minerals, herbs, and others) that you are taking at this time. Also, check with your doctor or pharmacist before starting



any new prescription, over-the-counter medicines, or dietary supplements to make sure that there are no interactions.

When to Call the Doctor

Call your doctor or nurse if you have any of these symptoms and/or any new or unusual symptoms:

- Fever of 100.4° F (38° C) or higher
- Chills
- Tiredness or weakness that interferes with your daily activities
- Headache that does not go away
- Feeling dizzy or lightheaded
- Nausea that stops you from eating or drinking and/or is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Throwing up more than 3 times a day
- Pain in your abdomen that does not go away
- Weight gain of 5 pounds in one week (fluid retention)
- Swelling of the hands, feet, or any other part of the body
- Signs of possible liver problems: dark urine, pale bowel movements, pain in your abdomen, feeling very tired and weak, unusual itching, or yellowing of the eyes or skin
- · Decreased or very dark urine
- Signs of cytokine release syndrome such as: fever, chills, or shaking chills, feeling dizzy or lightheaded, have a headache and/or have nausea or throwing up. If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.
- · Abnormal blood sugar
- Unusual thirst, passing urine often, headache, sweating, shakiness, irritability
- New rash and/or itching
- Rash that is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Dry skin that is bothersome
- · If you think you may be pregnant

Reproduction Warnings

- **Pregnancy warning**: This drug may have harmful effects on the unborn baby. Women of childbearing potential should use effective methods of birth control during your cancer treatment and for 1 week after stopping treatment. Let your doctor know right away if you think you may be pregnant.
- Breastfeeding warning: Women should not breastfeed during treatment and for at least 1 week
 after stopping treatment because this drug could enter the breast milk and cause harm to a
 breastfeeding baby.
- **Fertility warning:** Fertility studies have not been done with this drug. Talk with your doctor or nurse if you plan to have children. Ask for information on sperm or egg banking.



Revised June 2023

