

## Denileukin diftitox-cxdl (Lymphir)

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### About This Medicine

DENILEUKIN DIFTITOX (DEN i LOO kin DIF ti tox) treats lymphoma. It works by helping your immune system slow or stop the spread of cancer cells. It is given in the vein (IV).

This medicine may be used for other purposes; ask your care team if you have questions.

### Possible Side Effects

- Decrease in red blood cells. This may make you feel more tired.
- Decrease in a blood protein called albumin
- Nausea
- Constipation (not able to move bowels)
- Swelling of the hands, feet, or any other part of the body
- Fever
- Chills
- Tiredness
- Changes in your liver function
- Muscle and bone pain
- Rash
- Capillary leak syndrome - a syndrome where fluid and protein can leak from your blood vessels into your tissues. This can cause a decrease in your blood protein level and blood pressure and fluid can accumulate in your tissues and/or lungs.

**Note:** Each of the side effects above was reported in 20% or greater of people treated with denileukin diftitox-cxdl. All possible side effects are not included. Your side effects may be different depending on your cancer diagnosis, condition, or if you are receiving other medicines in combination. Please discuss any concerns or questions with your care team.

### Warnings and Precautions

- Severe and life-threatening capillary leak syndrome
- Blurred vision or other changes in eyesight
- While you are getting this medicine in your vein, you may have a reaction to the medicine. Sometimes you may be given medicine to stop or lessen these side effects. Your care team will

check you closely for these signs: fever or shaking chills, flushing, nausea, vomiting, feeling dizzy, headache, muscle, bone or joint pain, trouble breathing, rash, itching, chest tightness, or chest pain. These reactions may happen after your infusion. **If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.**

- Severe changes in your liver function

**Note:** *Some of the side effects above are very rare. If you have concerns and/or questions, please discuss them with your care team.*

## Important Information

- This medicine may be present in the urine, stool and other body fluids such as blood, vomit, semen, and vaginal fluids. Take precautions to prevent others from coming in contact with your medicine or your body fluids. Follow safety precautions during your treatment and for as long as directed by your care team after your treatment. If you take a pill each day, follow these precautions every day.

## Treating Side Effects

- Manage tiredness by pacing your activities for the day.
- Be sure to include periods of rest between energy-draining activities.
- Get regular exercise, with your care team's approval. If you feel too tired to exercise vigorously, try taking a short walk.
- Drink enough fluids to keep your urine pale yellow.
- If you throw up, you should drink more fluids so that you do not become dehydrated (lack of water in the body from losing too much fluid).
- To help with nausea and vomiting, eat small, frequent meals instead of three large meals a day. Choose foods and drinks that are at room temperature. Ask your care team about other helpful tips and medicine that is available to help stop or lessen these symptoms.
- If you are not able to move your bowels, check with your care team before you use enemas, laxatives, or suppositories.
- Ask your care team about medicines that are available to help stop or lessen constipation.
- Infusion reactions may occur after your infusion. **If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.**
- If you get a rash do not put anything on it unless your care team says you may. Keep the area around the rash clean and dry. Ask your care team for medicine if your rash bothers you.
- Keeping your pain under control is important to your well-being. Please tell your care team if you are experiencing pain.

## Food and Medicine Interactions

- There are no known interactions of denileukin diftitox-cxdl with food.
- Tell your care team about all the medicines and dietary supplements (vitamins, minerals, herbs and others) that you are taking at this time. The safety and use of dietary supplements and alternative diets are often not known. Using these might affect your cancer or interfere with your treatment.



Until more is known, you should not use dietary supplements or alternative diets without your cancer care team's help.

## When to Call Your Care Team

Call your care team if you have any of these symptoms and/or any new or unusual symptoms:

- Fever of 100.4° F (38° C) or higher
- Chills
- Blurred vision or other changes in eyesight
- Tiredness or weakness that interferes with your daily activities
- Feeling dizzy or lightheaded
- Wheezing and/or trouble breathing
- Nausea that stops you from eating or drinking and/or is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Throwing up more than 3 times a day
- No bowel movement in 3 days or when you feel uncomfortable
- Swelling of the hands, feet, or any other part of the body
- Weight gain of 5 pounds in one week (fluid retention)
- New rash and/or itching or a rash that is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Pain that does not go away, or is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Signs of infusion reaction: fever or shaking chills, flushing, nausea, vomiting, feeling dizzy, headache, muscle, bone or joint pain, trouble breathing, rash, itching, chest tightness, or chest pain.  
**If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.**
- Signs of possible liver problems: dark urine, pale bowel movements, pain in your abdomen, feeling very tired and weak, unusual itching, or yellowing of the eyes or skin

## Reproduction Warnings

- **Pregnancy warning:** This medicine can cause serious birth defects. If you can become pregnant, use birth control while taking this medicine and for 7 days after the last dose. Tell your care team right away if you think you might be pregnant.
- **Breastfeeding warning:** Do not breastfeed while taking this medicine and for 7 days after the last dose.
- **Fertility warning:** This medicine may affect your ability to have children in the future. If you plan to have children, talk with your care team.

Revised September 2025

