

# Capivasertib (Truqap)

#### **About This Medicine**

CAPIVASERTIB (kap EYE va SER tib) treats breast cancer. It works by blocking a protein that causes cancer cells to grow and multiply. This helps to slow or stop the spread of cancer cells. It is given orally (by mouth).

This medicine may be used for other purposes; ask your care team if you have questions.

#### **Possible Side Effects**

- Decrease in red blood cells and white blood cells. This may make you feel more tired and raise your risk of infection.
- Nausea and vomiting (throwing up)
- Soreness of the mouth and throat. You may have red areas, white patches, or sores that hurt.
- Diarrhea (loose bowel movements)
- Tiredness
- · Increase in your triglyceride levels
- Blood sugar levels may change
- Changes in your kidney function
- Rash

**Note:** Each of the side effects above was reported in 20% or greater of people treated with capivasertib. All possible side effects are not included. Your side effects may be different depending on your cancer diagnosis, condition, or if you are receiving other medicines in combination. Please discuss any concerns or questions with your care team.

## **Warnings and Precautions**

- High blood sugar with ketones, which can be life-threatening. You could feel tired, have nausea and vomiting, pass urine often, have increased thirst or hunger and have rapid and deep breathing.
- Severe diarrhea that can cause dehydration (lack of water in the body)
- Severe allergic skin reaction and hand-foot syndrome. The palms of your hands or soles of your feet may tingle, become numb, painful, swollen, or red. You may develop blisters on your skin that are filled with fluid or a severe red rash all over your body that may be painful. Sometimes, a



reaction to this medicine can happen that can cause a skin rash, along with problems with your organs, swollen lymph nodes, fever and higher than normal white blood cells.

**Note:** Some of the side effects above are very rare. If you have concerns and/or questions, please discuss them with your care team.

### **Important Information**

- It is important that you notify your care team at the first sign of diarrhea so they can provide you
  with anti-diarrheal medicine and give you further instructions. Notify your care team if you are taking
  anti-diarrhea medicine and your symptoms have not improved or are worsening.
- You may be prescribed other medicines to take with this one. Take this medicine as your care team tells you to.

#### **How to Take Your Medicine**

- Swallow the medicine whole with or without food, at approximately the same time each day it is scheduled Do not chew, crush or split tablets.
- If any of the tablets are broken or cracked, do not touch them with your bare hands, and do not take them. Carefully throw away the capsules and wash your hands after handling.
- **Missed dose**: If you miss a dose by less than 4 hours, take the missed dose right away and go back to your normal schedule. If you miss a dose by more than 4 hours, then skip the missed dose and go back to your normal schedule. Do not take 2 doses at the same time or extra doses. Do not replace a vomited dose.
- Overdosage: If you think you have taken too much of this medicine contact a poison control center
  or emergency room at once.
- **Handling:** Wash your hands with soap and water, before and after handling your medicine. Your caretakers should not handle your medicine with bare hands and should wear latex gloves.
- This medicine may be present in the urine, stool and other body fluids such as blood, vomit, semen, and vaginal fluids. Take precautions to prevent others from coming in contact with your medicine or your body fluids. Follow safety precautions during your treatment and for as long as directed by your care team after your treatment. If you take a pill each day, follow these precautions every day.
- **Storage:** Store this medicine in the original container at room temperature. Keep out of the reach of children and pets. If tablets are not stored in the original container, throw away unused tablets after 45 days.
- **Disposal of unused medicine:** Do not flush any expired and/or unused medicine down the toilet or drain unless you are specifically instructed to do so on the medicine label. Some facilities have take-back programs and/or other options. If you do not have a take-back program in your area, then please discuss with your care team how to dispose of unused medicine.

## **Treating Side Effects**

- Manage tiredness by pacing your activities for the day.
- Be sure to include periods of rest between energy-draining activities.
- To decrease the risk of infection, wash your hands regularly.



- Avoid close contact with people who have a cold, the flu, or other infections.
- Take your temperature as your care team tells you, and whenever you feel like you may have a fever.
- Drink enough fluids to keep your urine pale yellow.
- If you throw up or have diarrhea, you should drink more fluids so that you do not become dehydrated (lack of water in the body from losing too much fluid).
- To help with nausea and vomiting, eat small, frequent meals instead of three large meals a day. Choose foods and drinks that are at room temperature. Ask your care team about other helpful tips and medicine that is available to help stop or lessen these symptoms.
- If you have diarrhea, eat low-fiber foods that are high in protein and calories and avoid foods that can irritate your digestive tracts or lead to cramping.
- Ask your care team about medicine that can lessen or stop diarrhea.
- Mouth care is very important. Your mouth care should consist of routine, gentle cleaning of your teeth or dentures and rinsing your mouth with a mixture of 1/2 teaspoon of salt in 8 ounces of water or 1/2 teaspoon of baking soda in 8 ounces of water. This should be done at least after each meal and at bedtime.
- If you have mouth sores, avoid mouthwash that has alcohol. Also avoid alcohol and smoking because they can bother your mouth and throat.
- If you get a rash do not put anything on it unless your care team says you may. Keep the area around the rash clean and dry. Ask your care team for medicine if your rash bothers you.
- Avoid sun exposure and apply sunscreen routinely when outdoors.
- If you have diabetes, keep good control of your blood sugar level. Tell your care team if your glucose levels are higher or lower than normal.

#### **Food and Medicine Interactions**

- Avoid grapefruit or grapefruit juice while taking this medicine as it may raise the levels of capivasertib in your body which could make side effects worse.
- Check with your care team about all other prescription medicines and over-the-counter medicines
  and dietary supplements (vitamins, minerals, herbs, and others) you are taking before starting this
  medicine as there are known medicine interactions with capivasertib. Also, check with your care
  team before starting any new prescription or over-the-counter medicines, or dietary supplements to
  make sure that there are no interactions.
- This medicine may interact with St. John's Wort and may lower the levels of the medicine in your body, which can make it less effective.

#### When to Call Your Care Team

Call your care team if you have any of these symptoms and/or any new or unusual symptoms:

- Fever of 100.4° F (38° C) or higher
- Chills
- Tiredness that interferes with your daily activities
- Blurry vision



- Confusion
- · Feeling dizzy or lightheaded
- · Fast breathing
- Fruity odor on breath
- Nausea that stops you from eating or drinking and/or is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Throwing up more than 3 times a day
- Pain in your mouth or throat that makes it hard to eat or drink
- Diarrhea, 4 times in one day or diarrhea with lack of strength or a feeling of being dizzy
- Abnormal blood sugar
- Signs of high blood sugar: Unusual thirst, passing urine often, headache, sweating, shakiness, irritability
- · Decreased or very dark urine
- · Flu-like symptoms: fever, headache, muscle and joint aches, and tiredness
- Painful, red, or swollen areas on your hands or feet
- · Numbness and/or tingling of your hands and/or feet
- New rash and/or itching
- Rash that is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Swollen lymph nodes in your neck and/or armpits

### **Reproduction Warnings**

- Pregnancy warning: This medicine can cause serious birth defects. If you can become pregnant, use birth control while taking this medicine and for 1 month after the last dose. If you can get your partner pregnant, use birth control while taking this medicine and for 4 months after the last dose. Tell your care team right away if you think you might be pregnant or think your partner might be pregnant.
- When receiving capivasertib in combination with other agents, please refer to the medicine guide of those agents for more specific information.
- Breastfeeding warning: Do not breastfeed while taking this medicine. When receiving capivasertib
  in combination with other agents, please refer to the medicine guide of those agents for more
  specific information.
- **Fertility warning:** This medicine may affect your ability to have children in the future. If you plan to have children, talk with your care team. When receiving capivasertib in combination with other agents, please refer to the medicine guide of those agents for more specific information.

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