

Amivantamab-vmjw (Rybrevant)

About This Drug

Amivantamab-vmjw is used to treat cancer. It is given in the vein (IV).

Possible Side Effects

- Soreness of the mouth and throat. You may have red areas, white patches, or sores that hurt.
- Nausea and vomiting (throwing up)
- Constipation (not able to move bowels)
- Tiredness
- While you are getting this drug in your vein (IV), you may have a reaction to the drug. Sometimes
 you may be given medication to stop or lessen these side effects. Your nurse will check you closely
 for these signs: fever or shaking chills, flushing, facial swelling, feeling dizzy, headache, trouble
 breathing, rash, itching, chest tightness, or chest pain. These reactions may happen after your
 infusion. If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.
- Swelling of the hands, feet, or any other part of the body
- Muscle and bone pain
- Trouble breathing
- Cough
- Rash
- Inflammation/infection of the tissue around your nails

Note: Each of the side effects above was reported in 20% or greater of patients treated with amivantamab-vmjw. All possible side effects are not included. Your side effects may be different depending on your cancer diagnosis, condition, or if you are receiving other drugs in combination. Please discuss any concerns or questions with your medical team.

Warnings and Precautions

- · Severe infusion reactions
- Inflammation (swelling) and/or scarring of the lungs. You may have a cough and/or trouble breathing.
- Severe allergic skin reaction. You may develop blisters on your skin that are filled with fluid or a severe red rash all over your body that may be painful. You may also have severe itching and/or dry skin.



· Blurred vision or other changes in eyesight

Note: Some of the side effects above are very rare. If you have concerns and/or questions, please discuss them with your medical team

Important Information

- This drug may be present in the saliva, tears, sweat, urine, stool, vomit, semen, and vaginal secretions. Talk to your doctor and/or your nurse about the necessary precautions to take during this time.
- Contact your doctor if you experience any changes in eyesight; you should not use contact lenses until you are seen by your doctor.

Treating Side Effects

- Drink plenty of fluids (a minimum of eight glasses per day is recommended).
- If you throw up, you should drink more fluids so that you do not become dehydrated (lack of water in the body from losing too much fluid).
- Mouth care is very important. Your mouth care should consist of routine, gentle cleaning of your teeth or dentures and rinsing your mouth with a mixture of 1/2 teaspoon of salt in 8 ounces of water or 1/2 teaspoon of baking soda in 8 ounces of water. This should be done at least after each meal and at bedtime.
- If you have mouth sores, avoid mouthwash that has alcohol. Also avoid alcohol and smoking because they can bother your mouth and throat.
- If you are not able to move your bowels, check with your doctor or nurse before you use enemas, laxatives, or suppositories.
- To help with nausea and vomiting, eat small, frequent meals instead of three large meals a day. Choose foods and drinks that are at room temperature. Ask your nurse or doctor about other helpful tips and medicine that is available to help stop or lessen these symptoms.
- Ask your doctor or nurse about medicines that are available to help stop or lessen constipation.
- Manage tiredness by pacing your activities for the day.
- Be sure to include periods of rest between energy-draining activities.
- Get regular exercise, with your doctor's approval. If you feel too tired to exercise vigorously, try taking a short walk.
- Keeping your pain under control is important to your wellbeing. Please tell your doctor or nurse if you are experiencing pain.
- If you get a rash do not put anything on it unless your doctor or nurse says you may. Keep the area around the rash clean and dry. Ask your doctor for medicine if your rash bothers you.
- Avoid sun exposure during treatment and for 2 months after treatment. Use sunscreen with SPF 30
 or higher when you are outdoors even for a short time. Cover up when you are out in the sun. Wear
 wide-brimmed hats, long-sleeved shirts, and pants. Keep your neck, chest, and back covered.
- To help with itching and dry skin, moisturize your skin several times a day with an alcohol-free moisturizer.



• Infusion reactions may occur after your infusion. If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.

Food and Drug Interactions

- There are no known interactions of amivantamab-vmjw with food.
- This drug may interact with other medicines. Tell your doctor and pharmacist about all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines and dietary supplements (vitamins, minerals, herbs, and others) that you are taking at this time. Also, check with your doctor or pharmacist before starting any new prescription or over-the-counter medicines, or dietary supplements to make sure that there are no interactions.

When to Call the Doctor

Call your doctor or nurse if you have any of the following symptoms and/or any new or unusual symptoms:

- Fever of 100.4° F (38° C) or higher
- Chills
- Tiredness and/or weakness that interferes with your daily activities
- · Blurred vision or other changes in eyesight
- · Red, painful, itchy and/or teary eye
- · Develop sensitivity to sunlight/light
- Wheezing and/or trouble breathing
- Pain in your chest
- Dry cough and/or a cough that is bothersome
- Pain in your mouth or throat that makes it hard to eat or drink
- Nausea that stops you from eating or drinking and/or is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Throwing up more than 3 times a day
- No bowel movement for 3 days or when you feel uncomfortable
- Weight gain of 5 pounds in one week (fluid retention)
- Swelling of the hands, feet, or any other part of the body
- Signs of infusion reaction: fever or shaking chills, flushing, facial swelling, feeling dizzy, headache, trouble breathing, rash, itching, chest tightness, or chest pain. If this happens, call 911 for emergency care.
- Pain that does not go away, or is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Signs of inflammation/infection (redness, swelling, pain) of the tissue around your nails
- A new rash or a rash that is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Dry skin or itching that is bothersome
- Flu-like symptoms: fever, headache, muscle and joint aches, and tiredness
- If you think you may be pregnant



Reproduction Warnings

- Pregnancy warning: This drug can have harmful effects on the unborn baby. Women of
 childbearing potential should use effective methods of birth control during your cancer treatment
 and for 3 months after stopping treatment. Let your doctor know right away if you think you may be
 pregnant.
- **Breastfeeding warning**: Women should not breastfeed during treatment and for 3 months after stopping treatment because this drug could enter the breast milk and cause harm to a breastfeeding baby.
- **Fertility warning**: Fertility studies have not been done with this drug. Talk with your doctor or nurse if you plan to have children. Ask for information on sperm or egg banking.

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